11)

PAUL, WEISS, RIFKIND, WHARTON & GARRISON

1615 L STREET, NW TELEPHONE (202) 223-7300 WASHINGTON, DC 20036-5694 FACSIMILE (202) 223-7420

writer's direct dial number (202) 223-7335

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

September 14, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

Mr. William Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: Ex Parte Presentation PP Docket No. 93-253

Dear Mr. Caton:

On September 13, 1994, Mr. Doug Glen of PageMart, Inc., and Mr. Jon Garcia and the undersigned, attorneys for PageMart, Inc., met with the following individuals to discuss the above-captioned rule-making proceeding:

Ms. Karen Brinkmann, Office of Chairman Hundt; Mr. Rudolfo Baca, Office of Commissioner Quello; Mr. Thomas Mooring and Mr. Rodney Small, Office of Engineering and Technology; Mr. Donald Gips, Mr. Gregory Rosston, and Mr. Andrew Sinwell, Office of Plans and Policy; Ms. Lisa Smith, Office of Commissioner Barrett; Mr. David Siddall, Office of Commissioner Ness. A background paper, copies of which are attached hereto, was provided to each individual.

Sincerely yours,

Swam E. Ayan

Attachments

1285 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS NEW YORK, NY 10019-5054 TELEPHONE (212) 373-3000 FACSIMILE (212) 757-3890

199, BOULEVARD SAINT-GERMAIN 78007 PARIS, FRANCE TELEPHONE (33-1) 48.49.33.85 FACSIMILE (33-1) 42.22.64.38

AKASAKA TWIN TOWER 17-22, AKASAKA 2-CHOME MINATO-KU, TOKYO 107, JAPAN TELEPHONE (B1-3) 3505-0291 FACSIMILE (B1-3) 3505-4540

SUITE 1910 SCITE TOWER
22 JIANGUOMENWAI DAJIE
BEIJING, 100004
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA
TELEPHONE (86-1) 5123628-30
FACSIMILE (86-1) 5123631

13TH FLOOR, HONG KONG CLUB BUILDING
3A CHATER FOAD, CENTRATHONG KONG)
HONG KONG)
FACSIMILE (S52) 536-9652
FACSIMILE (S52) 536-9622
FACSIMILE (S52)

No. of Copies rec'd_ List A B C D E

Doc #:DC1:13051.1 DC-1343A

EX PARTE PRESENTATION - NARROWBAND PCS GEN DOCKET NO. 90-314, PP DOCKET NO. 93-253

- 1. The Commission should reconsider its decision to expand eligibility for the narrowband PCS response channels.
 - These channels originally were allocated to permit existing paging companies to offer advanced paging services in conjunction with their existing licenses.
 - By expanding the definition of "existing" paging licensees, the Commission has unfairly impeded the competitive prospects of incumbent paging companies. The revised definition of "existing" paging companies allows companies that do not serve a material portion of a market to acquire the response channels critical to the primary, existing providers in the market.
 - The Commission's eligibility decision will promote warehousing by firms that do not have an immediate need for response channels. Such firms may also seek channels in order to block companies, such as PageMart, which are currently serving a market.
- 2. Allocation of "some" of the response channels to entrepreneurs' blocks is a reversal of the Commission's policy and would unfairly disadvantage existing providers.
 - Existing paging firms such as PageMart have already invested significant resources in the development and construction of operating paging systems. Excluding these firms from the advanced paging market would lessen competition and innovation, and result in inefficient spectrum usage.
 - Reallocation of response channels to entrepreneurs' blocks would greatly reduce their availability for incumbents.
 - The response channels originally were intended to serve the needs of existing providers, not new market entrants. Thus, encouraging entrepreneurs to enter the narrowband PCS market does not require response channels set-asides.
- 3. The Commission correctly recognizes the need for more regional and nationwide licenses for designated entities. This need extends to non-designated entities as well. The Commission should therefore redesignate at least one 50 x 12.5 MHz MTA and BTA license as a national or regional license, or permit combinatorial bidding on such licenses. These licenses should be open to bidding by all parties.
 - The proposed rules unfairly benefit large, small and minority women-owned firms to the detriment of mid-sized firms that lack "deep pockets" but that cannot qualify as entrepreneurs.

Pursuant to 47 C.F.R. § 1.1206(a)(2), two copies of this document have been submitted to the Secretary of the Federal Communications Commission.

EX PARTE PRESENTATION - NARROWBAND PCS GEN DOCKET NO. 90-314, PP DOCKET NO. 93-253

- 1. The Commission should reconsider its decision to expand eligibility for the narrowband PCS response channels.
 - These channels originally were allocated to permit existing paging companies to offer advanced paging services in conjunction with their existing licenses.
 - By expanding the definition of "existing" paging licensees, the Commission has
 unfairly impeded the competitive prospects of incumbent paging companies. The
 revised definition of "existing" paging companies allows companies that do not
 serve a material portion of a market to acquire the response channels critical to
 the primary, existing providers in the market.
 - The Commission's eligibility decision will promote warehousing by firms that do not have an immediate need for response channels. Such firms may also seek channels in order to block companies, such as PageMart, which are currently serving a market.
- 2. Allocation of "some" of the response channels to entrepreneurs' blocks is a reversal of the Commission's policy and would unfairly disadvantage existing providers.
 - Existing paging firms such as PageMart have already invested significant resources in the development and construction of operating paging systems. Excluding these firms from the advanced paging market would lessen competition and innovation, and result in inefficient spectrum usage.
 - Reallocation of response channels to entrepreneurs' blocks would greatly reduce their availability for incumbents.
 - The response channels originally were intended to serve the needs of existing providers, not new market entrants. Thus, encouraging entrepreneurs to enter the narrowband PCS market does not require response channels set-asides.
- 3. The Commission correctly recognizes the need for more regional and nationwide licenses for designated entities. This need extends to non-designated entities as well. The Commission should therefore redesignate at least one 50 x 12.5 MHz MTA and BTA license as a national or regional license, or permit combinatorial bidding on such licenses. These licenses should be open to bidding by all parties.
 - The proposed rules unfairly benefit large, small and minority women-owned firms to the detriment of mid-sized firms that lack "deep pockets" but that cannot qualify as entrepreneurs.

Pursuant to 47 C.F.R. § 1.1206(a)(2), two copies of this document have been submitted to the Secretary of the Federal Communications Commission.